
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number: 001-40973

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

87-1471855

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**1111 Lincoln Road, Suite 802
Miami Beach, FL**

(Address of principal executive offices)

33139

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(786) 709-9690**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| <u>Title of each class</u> | <u>Trading Symbol(s)</u> | <u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share | AIRS | The Nasdaq Global Market |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

| | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Large accelerated filer | <input type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Non-accelerated filer | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Smaller reporting company | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | | Emerging growth company | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The registrant had 57,355,676 shares of common stock outstanding as of November 10, 2023.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We have made statements in the sections titled “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” and in other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as “may,” “might,” “will,” “should,” “expects,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential” or “continue,” the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from the results, level of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including those factors discussed in the section titled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Our future results could be affected by a variety of other factors, including, but not limited to, failure to open and operate new centers in a timely and cost-effective manner; inability to open new centers due to rising interest rates and increased operating expenses due to rising inflation; shortages or quality control issues with third-party manufacturers or suppliers; competition for surgeons; litigation or medical malpractice claims; inability to protect the confidentiality of our proprietary information; changes in the laws governing the corporate practice of medicine or fee-splitting; changes in the regulatory, macroeconomic conditions, including inflation and the threat of recession, economic and other conditions of the states and jurisdictions where our facilities are located; and business disruption or other losses from war, pandemic, terrorist acts or political unrest.

The risk factors discussed in the section titled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There also may be other risks that are currently unknown to us or that we are unable to predict at this time.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made, and we are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations, except as required by law.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

| (\$000s, except for shares) | September 30, 2023 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2022 |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 8,660 | \$ 9,616 |
| Taxes receivable | 4,368 | 2,831 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 3,382 | 4,229 |
| Total current assets | 16,410 | 16,676 |
| Property and equipment, net | 28,909 | 24,206 |
| Other long-term assets | 3,353 | 3,280 |
| Right of use operating lease assets | 26,183 | 23,764 |
| Intangible assets, net | 47,534 | 51,099 |
| Goodwill | 81,734 | 81,734 |
| Total assets | \$ 204,123 | \$ 200,759 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 3,562 | \$ 3,844 |
| Accrued payroll and benefits | 3,987 | 2,991 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 2,125 | 2,125 |
| Deferred revenue and patient deposits | 1,562 | 2,358 |
| Accrued and other current liabilities | 3,417 | 6,644 |
| Current operating lease liabilities | 5,140 | 4,356 |
| Total current liabilities | 19,793 | 22,318 |
| Long-term debt, net | 70,603 | 81,420 |
| Deferred tax liability, net | 5,485 | 5,485 |
| Long-term operating lease liabilities | 23,026 | 19,745 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 1,025 | 1,025 |
| Total liabilities | 119,932 | 129,993 |
| Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 9) | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value; shares authorized - 450,000,000; shares issued and outstanding - 56,785,087 and 56,181,689, respectively | 57 | 56 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 99,328 | 85,858 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (217) | (76) |
| Accumulated deficit | (14,977) | (15,072) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 84,191 | 70,766 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 204,123 | \$ 200,759 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

| (in \$000s, except for shares and per share figures) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Revenue | \$ 46,793 | \$ 38,892 | \$ 148,309 | \$ 128,090 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of service (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) | 18,175 | 14,888 | 56,144 | 47,042 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 25,030 | 23,397 | 76,805 | 73,574 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,629 | 1,994 | 7,479 | 5,842 |
| Loss/(gain) on disposal of long-lived assets | 4 | (12) | (198) | 215 |
| Total operating expenses | 45,838 | 40,267 | 140,230 | 126,673 |
| Income/(loss) from operations | 955 | (1,375) | 8,079 | 1,417 |
| Interest expense, net | 1,836 | 1,770 | 5,462 | 4,821 |
| Pre-tax net (loss)/income | (881) | (3,145) | 2,617 | (3,404) |
| Income tax expense | 786 | 4,232 | 2,522 | 4,083 |
| Net (loss)/income | \$ (1,667) | \$ (7,377) | \$ 95 | \$ (7,487) |
| Loss per share of common stock | | | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.03) | \$ (0.13) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.13) |
| Diluted | \$ (0.03) | \$ (0.13) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.13) |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 56,785,087 | 55,640,154 | 56,661,903 | 55,640,154 |
| Diluted | 56,785,087 | 55,640,154 | 58,329,685 | 55,640,154 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (Unaudited)

| (\$000s) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net (loss)/income | \$ (1,667) | \$ (7,377) | \$ 95 | \$ (7,487) |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income: | | | | |
| Change in foreign currency translation adjustment | (106) | 64 | (141) | 64 |
| Total other comprehensive (loss)/income | (106) | 64 | (141) | 64 |
| Comprehensive loss | \$ (1,773) | \$ (7,313) | \$ (46) | \$ (7,423) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

| (\$000s, except shares and per share figures) | Common Stock | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Accumulated Deficit | Total |
|---|--------------|--------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | 55,640,154 | \$ 56 | \$ 83,865 | \$ — | \$ (393) | \$ 83,528 |
| Distributions | — | — | (282) | — | — | (282) |
| Equity-based compensation | — | — | 7,316 | — | — | 7,316 |
| Net loss | — | — | — | — | (693) | (693) |
| Balance at March 31, 2022 | 55,640,154 | 56 | 90,899 | — | (1,086) | 89,869 |
| Distributions | — | — | (294) | — | — | (294) |
| Equity-based compensation | — | — | 7,275 | — | — | 7,275 |
| Net income | — | — | — | — | 583 | 583 |
| Balance at June 30, 2022 | 55,640,154 | 56 | 97,880 | — | (503) | 97,433 |
| Distributions | — | — | (156) | — | — | (156) |
| Dividends | — | — | (24,863) | — | — | (24,863) |
| Equity-based compensation | — | — | 7,370 | — | — | 7,370 |
| Net loss | — | — | — | — | (7,377) | (7,377) |
| Other comprehensive loss | — | — | — | 64 | — | 64 |
| Balance at September 30, 2022 | 55,640,154 | \$ 56 | \$ 80,231 | \$ 64 | \$ (7,880) | \$ 72,471 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | 56,181,689 | \$ 56 | \$ 85,858 | \$ (76) | \$ (15,072) | \$ 70,766 |
| Issuance of common stock through unit vesting | 529,571 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Dividends | — | — | 66 | — | — | 66 |
| Equity-based compensation | — | — | 4,388 | — | — | 4,388 |
| Net loss | — | — | — | — | (14) | (14) |
| Other comprehensive income | — | — | — | 22 | — | 22 |
| Balance at March 31, 2023 | 56,711,260 | 56 | 90,312 | (54) | (15,086) | 75,228 |
| Issuance of common stock through unit vesting | 73,708 | 1 | — | — | — | 1 |
| Distributions | — | — | (79) | — | — | (79) |
| Equity-based compensation | — | — | 4,603 | — | — | 4,603 |
| Net income | — | — | — | — | 1,776 | 1,776 |
| Other comprehensive loss | — | — | — | (57) | — | (57) |
| Balance at June 30, 2023 | 56,784,968 | 57 | 94,836 | (111) | (13,310) | 81,472 |
| Issuance of common stock through unit vesting | 119 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Equity-based compensation | — | — | 4,492 | — | — | 4,492 |
| Net loss | — | — | — | — | (1,667) | (1,667) |
| Other comprehensive loss | — | — | — | (106) | — | (106) |
| Balance at September 30, 2023 | 56,785,087 | \$ 57 | \$ 99,328 | \$ (217) | \$ (14,977) | \$ 84,191 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

| (\$000s) | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Net income/(loss) | \$ 95 | \$ (7,487) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 7,479 | 5,842 |
| Equity-based compensation | 13,483 | 21,961 |
| Non-cash interest expense; amortization of debt costs | 776 | 706 |
| (Gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets | (198) | 215 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities | | |
| Taxes receivable | (1,536) | — |
| Prepaid expense and other current assets | 978 | 2,079 |
| Other assets | (2,425) | (8,165) |
| Accounts payable | (807) | (287) |
| Deferred revenue and patient deposits | (796) | (589) |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 2,041 | 3,532 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 19,090 | 17,807 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchases of property and equipment, net | (8,092) | (10,726) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (8,092) | (10,726) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Payment on term loan | (11,594) | (637) |
| Distribution to member | (79) | (1,159) |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | (206) | (22,812) |
| Other financing activity | (75) | (220) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (11,954) | (24,828) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (956) | (17,747) |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Beginning of period | 9,616 | 25,347 |
| End of period | \$ 8,660 | \$ 7,600 |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 4,791 | \$ 4,116 |
| Cash paid for taxes | \$ 4,325 | \$ 4,368 |
| Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing information: | | |
| Property and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 525 | \$ 695 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF KEY ACCOUNTING POLICIES

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. (“AirSculpt” or the “Company”), was formed as a Delaware corporation on June 30, 2021. On October 28, 2021, AirSculpt completed an initial public offering (“IPO”) of 8,050,000 shares of common stock at an initial public offering price of \$11.00 per share. Immediately following the IPO, AirSculpt’s total outstanding shares were 55,640,154. Pursuant to a reorganization (the “Reorganization”) among entities under common control immediately prior to the IPO, AirSculpt became a holding company with its principal asset being 100% of the ownership interests in EBS Intermediate Parent LLC. The Company’s revenues are concentrated in the specialty, minimally invasive liposuction market. The operations of the Company prior to the IPO represent the predecessor to AirSculpt. The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to collectively in these consolidated financial statements as “we,” “our,” and “us.” Solely for convenience, some of the copyrights, trade names and trademarks referred to in these consolidated financial statements are listed without their ©, ® and ™ symbols, but we will assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights to our copyrights, trade names and trademarks.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, is a provider of practice management services to professional associations (“PAs”) located throughout the United States, Canada, and the United Kingdom. The Company owns and operates non-clinical assets and provides its management services to the PAs through management services agreements (“MSAs”). Management services provide for the administration of the non-clinical aspects of the medical operations and include, but are not limited to, financial, administrative, technical, marketing, and personnel services. Pursuant to the MSA, the PA is responsible for all clinical aspects of the medical operations of the practice.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Company, its wholly-owned domestic and international subsidiaries, and the Domestic PAs, which are under the control of the Company and are considered variable interest entities in which the Company is the primary beneficiary.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Variable Interest Entities

The Company has a variable interest in the managed PAs in the United States (“Domestic PAs”) where it has a long-term and unilateral controlling financial interest over such Domestic PAs’ assets and operations. The Company has the ability to direct the activities that most significantly affect the Domestic PAs’ economic performance via the MSAs and related agreements. The Company is a practice management service organization and does not engage in the practice of medicine. These services are provided by licensed professionals at each of the Domestic PAs. Certain key features of the MSAs and related agreements enable the Company to assign the member interests of certain of the Domestic PAs to another member designated by the Company (i.e., “nominee shareholder”) for a nominal value in certain circumstances at the Company’s sole discretion. The MSA does not allow the Company to be involved in, or provide guidance on, the clinical operations of the Domestic PAs. The Company consolidates the Domestic PAs into the financial statements. All of the Company’s revenue is earned from services provided by the Domestic PAs and its wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries in the United Kingdom and Canada. The only assets and liabilities held by the domestic PAs included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are clinical related. The clinical assets and liabilities are not material to the Company as a whole.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company’s revenues are concentrated in the specialty, minimally invasive liposuction market.

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The Company maintains cash balances at financial institutions which may at times exceed the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue consists primarily of revenue earned for the provision of the Company's patented AirSculpt® procedures. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account for revenue recognition. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. The Company's performance obligations are delivery of specialty, minimally invasive liposuction services.

The Company assists patients, as needed, by providing third-party financing options to pay for procedures. The Company has arrangements with various financing companies to facilitate this option. There is a financing transaction fee based on a set percentage of the amount financed and are not contingent upon any criteria. The Company recognizes revenue based on the expected transaction price which is reduced for financing fees.

Revenue for services is recognized when the service is performed. Payment is typically rendered in advance of the service. Customer contracts generally do not include more than one performance obligation.

The Company's policy is to require payment for services in advance. Payments received for services that have yet to be performed as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are included in deferred revenue and patient deposits.

Cost of Service

Cost of service is comprised of all service and product costs related to the delivery of procedures, including but not limited to compensation to doctors, nurses and clinical staff, supply costs, and facility rent expense.

Deferred Financing Costs, Net

Loan costs and discounts are capitalized in the period in which they are incurred and amortized on the straight-line basis over the term of the respective financing agreement which approximates the effective interest method. These costs are included as a reduction of long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Total amortization of deferred financing costs was approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Total amortization of deferred financing costs was approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Amortization of loan costs and discounts is included as a component of interest expense.

Long-Lived Assets

The Company accounts for impairment of long-lived assets in accordance with the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 350, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other* and Topic 360, *Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*. These standards require that long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future estimated cash flows expected to arise as a direct result of the use and eventual disposition of the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell. No impairment charges were recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Fair Value

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and expands disclosure requirements about fair value measurements.

ASC Topic 820 defines three categories for the classification and measurement of assets and liabilities carried at fair value:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or observable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs reflecting the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The fair value of financial instruments is generally estimated through the use of public market prices, quotes from financial institutions and other available information. Judgment is required in interpreting data to develop estimates of market value and, accordingly, amounts are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange.

Short-term financial instruments, including cash, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, and other liabilities, consist primarily of instruments without extended maturities, for which the fair value, based on management's estimates, approximates their carrying values. Borrowings bear interest at what is estimated to be current market rates of interest, accordingly, carrying value approximates fair value.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/(loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the same period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/(loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock adjusted to give effect to potentially dilutive securities.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed in the period when the costs are incurred and are included as a component of selling, general and administrative costs. Advertising expenses were approximately \$6.5 million and \$5.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and approximately \$19.5 million and \$15.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company applies the provisions of ASC 740-10, *Accounting for Uncertain Tax Positions* ("ASC 740-10"). Under these provisions, companies must determine and assess all material positions existing as of the reporting date, including all significant uncertain positions, for all tax years that are open to assessment or challenge under tax statutes. Additionally, those positions that have only timing consequences are analyzed and separated based on ASC 740-10's recognition and measurement model.

ASC 740-10 provides guidance related to uncertain tax positions for pass-through entities and tax-exempt not-for profit entities. ASC 740-10 also modifies disclosure requirements related to uncertain tax positions for nonpublic entities and provides that all entities are subject to ASC 740-10 even if the only tax position in question is the entity's status as a pass-through.

As required by the uncertain tax position guidance, the Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more-likely-than-not threshold, the amount recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. The Company applied the uncertain tax position guidance to all tax positions for which the statute of limitations remained open and determined that there are no uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022. The Company is not subject to U.S. federal tax examination prior to 2021, when it was formed.

The Company has an effective tax rate of approximately (89.2)% and (134.6)% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and approximately 96.4% and (119.9)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, inclusive of all applicable U.S. federal and state income taxes.

NOTE 2 – GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES, NET

The annual review of goodwill impairment will be performed in October 2023. There were no triggering events during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

The Company had goodwill of \$81.7 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Intangible assets consisted of the following at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (in 000's):

| | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | Useful Life |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Technology and know-how | \$ 53,600 | \$ 53,600 | 15 years |
| Trademarks and tradenames | 17,700 | 17,700 | 15 years |
| | 71,300 | 71,300 | |
| Accumulated amortization of technology and know-how | (17,866) | (15,186) | |
| Accumulated amortization of tradenames and trademarks | (5,900) | (5,015) | |
| Total intangible assets | <u>\$ 47,534</u> | <u>\$ 51,099</u> | |

Aggregate amortization expense on intangible assets was approximately \$1.2 million for both of the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and \$3.6 million for both of the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 property and equipment consists of the following: (in 000's):

| | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Medical equipment | \$ 10,809 | \$ 8,906 |
| Office and computer equipment | 833 | 551 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 4,054 | 3,457 |
| Leasehold improvements | 21,140 | 14,614 |
| Construction in progress | 2,158 | 2,854 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (10,085) | (6,176) |
| Property and equipment, net | <u>\$ 28,909</u> | <u>\$ 24,206</u> |

Depreciation expense was approximately \$1.4 million and \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$3.9 million and \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NOTE 4 – DEBT

On November 7, 2022, the Company entered into a credit agreement with a syndicate of lenders (the "Credit Agreement") maturing November 7, 2027. Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, there is (i) an \$85.0 million aggregate principal amount of term loans and (ii) a revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$5.0 million. The proceeds were used, in part, to pay off the Company's \$83.6 million outstanding principal balance under its previous credit facility. On September 29, 2023, the Company voluntarily pre-paid \$10.0 million of the principal using cash on hand.

Under the Credit Agreement, all outstanding loans bear interest based on either a base rate or SOFR plus an applicable per annum margin. The applicable per annum margin is 2.0% or 3.0% for base rate or SOFR, respectively, if the Company's total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 2.0x. If the Company's total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 1.0x and less than 2.0x, the applicable per annum margin is 1.5% or 2.5% for base rate or SOFR, respectively. If the Company's total leverage ratio is below 1.0x, the applicable per annum margin is 1.0% or 2.0% for base rate or SOFR, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, the interest rate was 7.83%.

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Total borrowings as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows (in 000's):

| | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Term loan | \$ 73,406 | \$ 85,000 |
| Unamortized debt discounts and issuance costs | (678) | (1,455) |
| Total debt, net | 72,728 | 83,545 |
| Less: Current portion | (2,125) | (2,125) |
| Long-term debt, net | \$ 70,603 | \$ 81,420 |

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had \$5.0 million available on the revolving credit facility.

The scheduled future maturities of long-term debt as of September 30, 2023 is as follows (in 000's):

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 2023 (excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2023) | \$ 531 |
| 2024 | 2,125 |
| 2025 | 4,250 |
| 2026 | 6,375 |
| 2027 | 60,125 |
| Total maturities | \$ 73,406 |

All borrowings under the Credit Agreement are cross collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company and are subject to certain restrictive covenants including quarterly total leverage ratio and fixed charge ratio requirements. The Company is in compliance with all covenants and has no letter of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

NOTE 5 – LEASES

The Company's operating leases are primarily for real estate, including medical office suites and corporate offices. For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred rent expense of \$1.5 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, for its medical office suites. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred rent expense of \$4.4 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, related to its medical office suites. The Company's rent expense related to its medical office suites is classified in cost of services within the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company incurred rent expense of \$91,000 and \$91,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$273,000 and \$254,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, related to the corporate offices which is classified in selling, general and administrative expenses. The Company currently does not have any finance leases.

Real estate lease agreements typically have initial terms of five to ten years and may include one or more options to renew. The useful life of assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term, unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees, restrictions or covenants.

The following table presents supplemental cash flow information for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in 000's):

| | September 30, 2023 | September 30, 2022 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: | | |
| Operating cash outflows from operating leases | \$ 3,852 | \$ 3,797 |
| Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations: | | |
| Operating leases | \$ 8,991 | \$ 10,404 |

Future minimum rental payments under all non-cancellable operating lease agreements for the succeeding five years are as follows, excluding common area maintenance charges that may be required by the agreements (in 000's):

| Year ended December 31, | |
|---|------------------|
| 2023 (excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2023) | \$ 1,387 |
| 2024 | 6,226 |
| 2025 | 6,395 |
| 2026 | 6,025 |
| 2027 | 5,422 |
| Thereafter | 12,190 |
| Total lease payments | 37,645 |
| Less: imputed interest | (9,479) |
| Total lease obligations | <u>\$ 28,166</u> |

NOTE 6 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company granted 0 and 767,261 restricted stock units ("RSUs"), respectively, to executive officers and employees under the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company granted 73,708 and 255,195 RSUs, respectively. These RSUs are not considered outstanding until vested. These RSUs have a time-based vesting condition. These units will vest 1/3 per year over three years. Vesting and payment of these RSUs are generally subject to continuing service of the employee or non-employee director over the ratable vesting periods beginning one year from the date of grant to three years after the date of grant. The fair values of these RSUs were determined based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the trading date immediately prior to the grant date.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company also granted 0 and 674,846 performance based stock units ("PSUs"), respectively, which have market-based vesting conditions. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company granted 0 and 103,936 PSUs, respectively, which have market-based vesting conditions. The vesting is based on achievement of a total shareholder return relative to a specified peer group ("rTSR"). Based on the rTSR, the awards can settle in shares in a range from 0% to 200%. In addition to the achievement of the performance conditions, these PSUs are generally subject to the continuing service of the employee over the ratable vesting period from the earned date continuing through the settlement of the shares. For these PSUs, the shares settle in the first quarter of the year following the year in which the vesting criteria is met. The fair values of PSUs with a market-based vesting condition were estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model.

The Company recorded equity-based compensation expense of \$4.5 million and \$7.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$13.5 million and \$22.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in selling, general and administrative expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Forfeitures are recognized as incurred.

The Company paid dividends of approximately \$0.2 million and \$22.8 million for nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company paid distributions to EBS Parent, LLC of approximately \$0.1 million and \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NOTE 7 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/(loss) by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the same period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income/loss by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock adjusted to give effect to potentially dilutive securities. Where the inclusion of potentially dilutive shares would be antidilutive, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share.

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in the calculation of basic and diluted net income/(loss) per share of common stock is as follows (in 000's except for shares and per share figures):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Net income/(loss) | \$ (1,667) | \$ (7,377) | \$ 95 | \$ (7,487) |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic | 56,785,087 | 55,640,154 | 56,661,903 | 55,640,154 |
| Add: Effect of dilutive securities | — | — | 1,667,782 | — |
| Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - diluted | 56,785,087 | 55,640,154 | 58,329,685 | 55,640,154 |
| Income/(loss) per share of common stock outstanding - basic and diluted | \$ (0.03) | \$ (0.13) | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.13) |

The following number of potentially dilutive shares were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share because the effect of including such potentially dilutive shares would have been antidilutive.

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Restricted stock units | 661,723 | 2,565,267 | 777,849 | 2,565,267 |
| Performance and market-based stock units | 1,697,842 | 2,435,917 | 1,830,505 | 2,435,917 |

NOTE 8 – INCOME TAXES

The Company's income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$0.8 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, and the income tax expense/(benefit) for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$2.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was (89.2)% and (134.6)%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was 96.4% and (119.9)%, respectively. The main driver of the difference between the effective and statutory rate is non-deductible executive compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. There are no uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Professional Liability

In the ordinary course of business, the Company becomes involved in pending and threatened legal actions and proceedings, most of which involve claims of medical malpractice related to medical services provided by the PAs employed and affiliated physicians. The Company may also become subject to other lawsuits which could involve large claims and significant costs. The Company believes, based upon a review of pending actions and proceedings, that the outcome of such legal actions and proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. The outcome of such actions and proceedings, however, cannot be predicted with certainty and an unfavorable resolution of one or more of them could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

Although the Company currently maintains liability insurance coverage intended to cover professional liability and certain other claims, the Company cannot assure that its insurance coverage will be adequate to cover liabilities arising out of claims asserted against it in the future where the outcomes of such claims are unfavorable. Liabilities in excess of the Company's insurance coverage, including coverage for professional liability and certain other claims, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

NOTE 10 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has one reportable segment: direct medical procedure services. This segment is made up of facilities and medical staff that provide the Company's patented AirSculpt® procedures to patients. Segment information is presented in

the same manner that the Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") reviews the operating results in assessing performance and allocating resources. The Company's CODM is the Company's chief executive officer. The CODM reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for purposes of making operating decisions, assessing financial performance and allocating resources. The Company's CODM reviews revenue, gross profit and Adjusted EBITDA. Gross profit is defined as revenues less cost of service incurred and Adjusted EBITDA as net loss/income excluding depreciation and amortization, net interest expense, income tax expense, restructuring and related severance costs, IPO related costs, loss/(gain) on disposal of long-lived assets, and equity-based compensation.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with our financial statements and related notes and other financial information appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 10, 2023 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”). This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risk, uncertainties and assumptions. See the section entitled “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to the “Company,” “Elite Body Sculpture,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and the Professional Associations.

Overview

AirSculpt is an experienced, fast-growing national provider of body contouring procedures delivering a premium consumer experience. We provide custom body contouring using our proprietary AirSculpt® method that removes unwanted fat and tightens skin in a minimally invasive procedure, producing dramatic results. We opened a new center in Orange County, CA in March 2023, in Austin, TX in May 2023, in London, UK in June 2023 in San Jose, CA in July 2023, and in Raleigh, NC in September 2023. We deliver our AirSculpt® procedures through a growing nationwide footprint of 27 centers across 18 states, Canada and the United Kingdom as of November 13, 2023.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, we performed 3,426 and 11,252 cases, respectively, compared to 2,879 and 9,726 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, we generated approximately \$46.8 million and \$148.3 million of revenue, respectively, compared to \$38.9 million and \$128.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. This represents approximately 20% growth in revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2023 over the same period in prior year and approximately 16% growth in revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 over the same period in prior year.

Key Operational and Business Metrics

In addition to the measures presented in our condensed consolidated financial statements, we use the following key operational and business metrics to evaluate our business, measure our performance, develop financial forecasts and make strategic decisions:

Cases Performed and Revenue per Case

Our case volumes in the table below, which are used for calculating revenue per case, represent one patient visit; notwithstanding that, a patient may have multiple areas treated during one visit. We believe this provides the best approach for assessing our revenue performance and trends.

Total Case and Revenue Metrics

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cases | 3,426 | 2,879 | 11,252 | 9,726 |
| Case growth | 19.0 % | N/A | 15.7 % | N/A |
| Revenue per case | \$ 13,658 | \$ 13,509 | \$ 13,181 | \$ 13,170 |
| Revenue per case growth | 1.1 % | N/A | 0.1 % | N/A |
| Number of facilities | 27 | 20 | 27 | 20 |
| Number of total procedure rooms | 57 | 43 | 57 | 43 |

Same-Center Case and Revenue Metrics

Same-Center Information

For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, we define same-center case and revenue growth as the growth in each of our cases and revenue at facilities that have been owned and operated since July 1, 2022. We define same-center facilities and procedure rooms based on if a facility has been owned or operated since July 1, 2022.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, we define same-center case and revenue growth as the growth in each of our cases and revenue at facilities that have been owned and operated since January 1, 2022. We define same-center facilities and procedure rooms as facilities and procedure rooms that have been owned or operated since January 1, 2022.

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cases | 2,994 | 2,879 | 9,434 | 9,462 |
| Case growth | 4.0 % | N/A | (0.3)% | N/A |
| Revenue per case | \$ 13,679 | \$ 13,507 | \$ 13,194 | \$ 13,142 |
| Revenue per case growth | 1.3 % | N/A | 0.4 % | N/A |
| Number of facilities | 20 | 20 | 18 | 18 |
| Number of total procedure rooms | 43 | 43 | 38 | 38 |

Non-GAAP Financial Measures—Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Net Income per Share

We report our financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), however, management believes the evaluation of our ongoing operating results may be enhanced by a presentation of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income per Share, which are non-GAAP financial measures.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income/(loss) excluding depreciation and amortization, net interest expense, income tax expense/(benefit), restructuring and related severance costs, IPO related costs, (gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets, and equity-based compensation.

We define Adjusted Net Income as net income/(loss) excluding, restructuring and related severance costs, IPO related costs, (gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets, equity-based compensation and the tax effect of these adjustments.

We include Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income because they are important measures on which our management assesses and believes investors should assess our operating performance. We consider Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income each to be an important measure because they help illustrate underlying trends in our business and our historical operating performance on a more consistent basis. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool including: (i) Adjusted EBITDA does not include results from equity-based compensation and (ii) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense on our debt or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments. Adjusted Net Income has limitations as an analytical tool because it does not include results from equity-based compensation.

We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue. We define Adjusted Net Income per Share as Adjusted Net Income divided by weighted average basic and diluted shares. We included Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Adjusted Net Income per Share because they are important measures on which our management assesses and believes investors should assess our operating performance. We consider Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Adjusted Net Income per Share to be important measures because they help illustrate underlying trends in our business and our historical operating performance on a more consistent basis.

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The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin to net (loss)/income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure:

| (\$ in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net (loss)/income | \$ (1,667) | \$ (7,377) | \$ 95 | \$ (7,487) |
| <i>Plus</i> | | | | |
| Equity-based compensation | 4,492 | 7,370 | 13,483 | 21,961 |
| IPO related costs | — | — | — | 731 |
| Restructuring and related severance costs | 995 | 108 | 4,300 | 838 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,629 | 1,994 | 7,479 | 5,842 |
| Loss/(gain) on disposal of long-lived assets | 4 | (12) | (198) | 215 |
| Interest expense, net | 1,836 | 1,770 | 5,462 | 4,821 |
| Income tax expense | 786 | 4,232 | 2,522 | 4,083 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 9,075 | \$ 8,085 | \$ 33,143 | \$ 31,004 |
| Adjusted EBITDA Margin | 19.4 % | 20.8 % | 22.3 % | 24.2 % |

For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, pre-opening de novo and relocation costs were \$0.5 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, pre-opening de novo and relocation costs were \$3.3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively.

The following table reconciles Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income per Share to net loss, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net (loss)/income | \$ (1,667) | \$ (7,377) | \$ 95 | \$ (7,487) |
| <i>Plus</i> | | | | |
| Equity-based compensation | 4,492 | 7,370 | 13,483 | 21,961 |
| IPO related costs | — | — | — | 731 |
| Restructuring and related severance costs | 995 | 108 | 4,300 | 838 |
| Loss/(gain) on disposal of long-lived assets | 4 | (12) | (198) | 215 |
| Tax effect of adjustments | (751) | (770) | (2,079) | (1,770) |
| Adjusted net income | \$ 3,073 | \$ (681) | \$ 15,601 | \$ 14,488 |
| Adjusted net income/(loss) per share of common stock ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.05 | \$ (0.01) | \$ 0.28 | \$ 0.26 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.05 | \$ (0.01) | \$ 0.27 | \$ 0.26 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 56,785,087 | 55,640,154 | 56,661,903 | 55,640,154 |
| Diluted | 58,954,829 | 55,640,154 | 58,329,685 | 55,744,603 |

(1) Diluted Adjusted Net Income Per Share is computed by dividing adjusted net income by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding adjusted for the dilutive effect of all potential shares of common stock.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022

The following table and notes summarize certain results from the statements of operations for each of the periods indicated and the changes between periods. The table also shows the percentage relationship to revenue for the periods indicated:

| (\$ in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| | Amount | % of Revenue | Amount | % of Revenue |
| Revenue | \$ 46,793 | 100.0 % | \$ 38,892 | 100.0 % |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of service | 18,175 | 38.8 % | 14,888 | 38.3 % |
| Selling, general and administrative | 25,030 | 53.5 % | 23,397 | 60.2 % |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,629 | 5.6 % | 1,994 | 5.1 % |
| Loss/(gain) on disposal of long-lived assets | 4 | — % | (12) | — % |
| Total operating expenses | 45,838 | 98.0 % | 40,267 | 103.5 % |
| Income/(loss) from operations | 955 | 2.0 % | (1,375) | (3.5)% |
| Interest expense, net | 1,836 | 3.9 % | 1,770 | 4.6 % |
| Pre-tax net loss | (881) | (1.9)% | (3,145) | (8.1)% |
| Income tax expense | 786 | 1.7 % | 4,232 | 10.9 % |
| Net loss | \$ (1,667) | (3.6)% | \$ (7,377) | (19.0)% |

Overview—Our financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2022 reflect the addition of seven de novo centers which increased our procedure rooms by 14.

Revenue—Our revenue increased \$7.9 million, or 20.3%, compared to the same period in 2022. The increase is the result of adding seven de novo centers which expanded our footprint from 20 centers to 27 centers and our number of procedure rooms from 43 to 57 as of September 30, 2023 and 5.3% same-center revenue growth.

Cost of Service—Our cost of services increased \$3.3 million, or 22.1%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2022. This increase is attributable to opening seven centers since the 2022 period. Cost of service was 38.8% and 38.3% as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Cost of service as a percent of revenue was in line year over year.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses—Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.6 million, or 7.0%, for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. This increase is related to additional expenses we incurred for marketing and corporate support as we grow our center count through de novo expansion and providing support for our centers, offset by a decrease in our equity-based compensation expense. We expect our marketing and corporate support costs to continue to increase as we open de novo centers and expand the support we provide to our centers. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue was at 53.5% and 60.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Selling expenses consist of advertising costs for social, digital and traditional marketing and sales and marketing personnel. Total selling expenses were approximately \$9.4 million and \$7.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Our customer acquisition costs were approximately \$2,750 and \$2,650 per customer in the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. We intend to continue investing in our sales and marketing capabilities as we add new centers and further increase our brand awareness, which will also drive further same-center growth. As a result, we expect these costs to increase on an absolute dollar basis. Additionally, selling expenses as a percentage of revenue may fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on the timing and scope of our initiatives and the related impact to our revenue.

General and administrative expenses include employee-related expenses, including salaries and related costs (excluding physician and clinical cost included in cost of service), equity-based compensation, technology, operations, finance, legal, corporate office rent and human resources. General and administrative expenses were approximately \$15.6 million and \$15.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. We expect to continue to expand our corporate team to support the opening of new centers and growth at existing facilities.

Depreciation and Amortization—Depreciation and amortization increased to approximately \$2.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$2.0 million for the same period in 2022. This increase is the result of having seven additional de novo centers during the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the 2022 period.

Loss on disposal of long-lived assets—We recognized a \$4.0 thousand loss related to the disposal of previous long-lived assets as a result of relocations to expand certain centers.

Interest Expense, net—Interest expense was flat at \$1.8 million and \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Income Tax Expense/(Benefit)—Our effective tax rate is (89.2)% and (134.6)% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The main driver of the difference between the effective and statutory rate is non-deductible executive compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022

The following table and notes summarize certain results from the statements of operations for each of the periods indicated and the changes between periods. The table also show the percentage relationship to revenue for the periods indicated:

| (\$ in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| | Amount | % of Revenue | Amount | % of Revenue |
| Revenue | \$ 148,309 | 100.0 % | \$ 128,090 | 100.0 % |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of service | 56,144 | 37.9 % | 47,042 | 36.7 % |
| Selling, general and administrative | 76,805 | 51.8 % | 73,574 | 57.4 % |
| Depreciation and amortization | 7,479 | 5.0 % | 5,842 | 4.6 % |
| (Gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets | (198) | (0.1)% | 215 | 0.2 % |
| Total operating expenses | 140,230 | 94.6 % | 126,673 | 98.9 % |
| Income from operations | 8,079 | 5.4 % | 1,417 | 1.1 % |
| Interest expense, net | 5,462 | 3.7 % | 4,821 | 3.8 % |
| Pre-tax net income/(loss) | 2,617 | 1.8 % | (3,404) | (2.7)% |
| Income tax expense | 2,522 | 1.7 % | 4,083 | 3.2 % |
| Net income/(loss) | \$ 95 | 0.1 % | \$ (7,487) | (5.8)% |

Overview—Our financial results for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022 reflect the addition of seven de novo centers which increased procedure rooms by 14.

Revenue—Our revenue increased \$20.2 million, or 15.8%, compared to the same period in 2022. The increase is the result of adding seven de novo centers which increased our footprint from 20 centers to 27 centers as of September 30, 2023.

Cost of Service—Our cost of service increased \$9.1 million, or 19.3%, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022. This increase is primarily attributable to opening seven de novo centers since the 2022 period. Cost of service was 37.9% and 36.7% as a percentage of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. This increase is primarily due to adding seven de novo centers over the prior period. Cost of service as a percent of revenue is higher for a de novo center in the first year until the center reaches maturity, which can take up to two years.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses—Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$3.2 million, or 4.4%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. This increase is related to additional expenses we incurred for marketing and corporate support as we grow our center count through de novo expansion and providing support for our centers, offset by a decrease in our equity-based compensation expense. We expect our marketing and corporate support costs to continue to increase as we open de novo centers and expand the support we provide to our centers. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue were 51.8% and 57.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Selling expenses consist of advertising costs for social, digital and traditional marketing and sales and marketing personnel. Total selling expenses were approximately \$27.4 million and \$22.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Our customer acquisition costs were approximately \$2,400 and \$2,300 per customer in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. We intend to continue investing in our sales and marketing capabilities as we add new centers and further increase our brand awareness, which will also drive further same-center growth. As a result, we expect these costs to increase on an absolute dollar basis. Additionally, selling expenses as a percentage of revenue may fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on the timing and scope of our initiatives and the related impact to our revenue.

General and administrative expenses include employee-related expenses, including salaries and related costs (excluding physician and clinical cost included in cost of service), equity-based compensation, technology, operations, finance, legal, corporate office rent and human resources. General and administrative expense were approximately \$49.4 million and \$51.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The costs associated with expanding our corporate team are the main driver of this increase, offset by a decrease in equity-based compensation. We expect to continue growing our corporate team to support the opening of new centers and growth at existing facilities.

Depreciation and Amortization—Depreciation and amortization increased to approximately \$7.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$5.8 million for the same period in 2022. This increase is the result of having seven additional de novo centers during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the 2022 period.

(Gain)/loss on disposal of long-lived assets—We recognized a \$198.0 thousand gain related to the disposal of previous leasehold improvements as a result of relocation to expand certain centers.

Interest Expense, net—Interest expense increased to \$5.5 million from \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The increase is due to rising interest rates in the current year as compared to prior year.

Income Tax Expense—Our effective tax rate is 96.4% and (119.9)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The main driver of the difference between the effective and statutory rate is non-deductible executive compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We principally rely on cash flows from operations as our primary source of liquidity and, if needed, up to \$5.0 million in revolving loans under our revolving credit facility. Our primary cash needs are for payroll, marketing and advertisements, rent, capital expenditures associated with de novo locations and new procedure room additions, as well as information technology and infrastructure, including our corporate office. We believe that the cash expected to be generated from operations and the availability of borrowings under the revolving credit facility will be sufficient for our working capital requirements, liquidity obligations, anticipated capital expenditures relating to the opening of de novo centers, and the addition of new procedure rooms to our existing locations, and payments due under our existing credit facilities for at least the next 12 months.

As of September 30, 2023, we had \$8.7 million in cash and cash equivalents and an available amount of \$5.0 million under our revolving credit facility. We do not have any letters of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2023.

As of December 31, 2022, we had \$9.6 million in cash and cash equivalents and an available amount of \$5.0 million under our revolving credit facility. We did not have any letters of credit outstanding as of December 31, 2022.

The following table summarizes the net cash provided by (used for) operating activities, investing activities and financing activities for the periods indicated:

| (\$ in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cash Flows Provided By (Used For): | | |
| Operating activities | \$ 19,090 | \$ 17,807 |
| Investing activities | (8,092) | (10,726) |
| Financing activities | (11,954) | (24,828) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (956) | (17,747) |

Operating Activities

The primary source of our operating cash flow is the collection of patient payments received prior to performing surgical procedures. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, our operating cash flow increased by \$1.3 million compared to the same period in 2022. The increase is the result of adding seven de novo centers which increased our footprint from 20 centers to 27 centers and our number of procedure rooms from 43 to 57 as of September 30, 2023. At September 30, 2023, we had working capital of \$(3.4) million compared to \$(5.6) million at December 31, 2022.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$8.1 million and \$10.7 million, respectively. Investing activities during both periods were attributable to the expansion of multiple existing facilities and opening of de novo locations.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$12.0 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we made principal payments on our debt of \$11.6 million, which included a voluntary prepayment of \$10.0 million.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$24.8 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we paid dividends of \$22.8 million, made distributions to EBS Parent, LLC of \$1.2 million and paid scheduled principal payments on our debt of \$0.6 million.

Long-Term Debt

The carrying value of our total indebtedness was \$72.7 million and \$83.5 million, which includes unamortized deferred financing costs and issuance discount of \$0.7 million and \$1.5 million, as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

On November 7, 2022, the Company entered into a credit agreement with a syndicate of lenders (the "Credit Agreement") maturing November 7, 2027. Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, there is (i) an \$85.0 million aggregate principal amount of term loans and (ii) a revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$5.0 million. The proceeds were used, in part, to pay off the Company's \$83.6 million outstanding principal balance under its previous credit facility. On September 29, 2023, the Company voluntarily pre-paid \$10.0 million of the principal of the term loans under the Credit Agreement using cash on hand.

Under the Credit Agreement, all outstanding loans bear interest based on either a base rate or SOFR plus an applicable per annum margin. The applicable per annum margin is 2.0% or 3.0% for base rate or SOFR, respectively, if the Company's total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 2.0x. If the Company's total leverage ratio is equal to or greater than 1.0x and less than 2.0x, the applicable per annum margin is 1.5% or 2.5% for base rate or SOFR, respectively. If the Company's total leverage ratio is below 1.0x, the applicable per annum margin is 1.0% or 2.0% for base rate or SOFR, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, the interest rate was 7.83%.

JOBS Act Accounting Election

We are an “emerging growth company,” as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act. Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We have irrevocably elected not to avail ourselves of this exemption from new or revised accounting standards and, therefore, will be subject to the same new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies.

Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, if, as an “emerging growth company,” we choose to rely on such exemptions we may not be required to, among other things, (i) provide an auditor’s attestation report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404, (ii) provide all of the compensation disclosure that may be required of non-emerging growth public companies under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, (iii) comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the PCAOB regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor’s report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (auditor discussion and analysis), and (iv) disclose certain executive compensation related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the CEO’s compensation to median employee compensation. These exemptions will apply for a period of five years following the completion of our IPO or until we are no longer an “emerging growth company,” whichever is earlier.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

A summary of significant accounting policies is disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 10, 2023 filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15d of the Exchange Act, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) under the caption “Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates” in the Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section. There have been no material changes in the nature of our critical accounting policies and estimates or the application of those policies from our Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 10, 2023.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and is not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management’s Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e). Based upon this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of September 30, 2023.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2023.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, recognizes that any set of controls and procedures, no matter how well-designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of

achieving the desired control objectives. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, with the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of controls. For these reasons, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

During the ordinary course of business, we have become and may in the future become subject to pending and threatened legal actions and proceedings, including with respect to the quality of our services. All of the current legal actions and proceedings that we are a party to are of an ordinary or routine nature incidental to our operations, the resolution of which should not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. These claims, to the extent they exceed our insurance deductibles, are covered by insurance, but there can be no assurance that our insurance coverage will be adequate to cover any such liability.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except to the extent updated below or to the extent additional factual information disclosed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relates to such risk factors (including, without limitation, the matters discussed in Part I, “Item 2—Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations”), there were no material changes to the risk factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 dated March 10, 2023 and filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit Number | Description of Exhibit |
|-----------------------|---|
| 31.1* | <u>Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u> |
| 31.2* | <u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u> |
| 32.1*† | <u>Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u> |
| 32.2*† | <u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u> |
| 101.INS | Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document |
| 101.SCH* | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL* | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF* | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB* | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE* | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |
| 104* | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document) |

* Filed herewith.

† The certifications attached as Exhibit 32.1 and Exhibit 32.2 that accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates them by reference.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Todd Magazine, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.

Date: November 13, 2023

By: /s/ Todd Magazine
Todd Magazine
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Dennis Dean, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

AirSculpt Technologies, Inc.

Date: November 13, 2023

By: /s/ Dennis Dean

Dennis Dean
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: November 13, 2023

By: /s/ Todd Magazine

Todd Magazine
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of AirSculpt Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: November 13, 2023

By: /s/ Dennis Dean

Dennis Dean

Chief Financial Officer